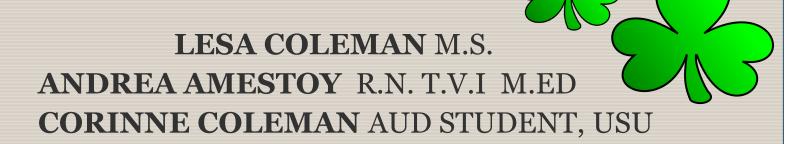
13 "Lucky" Ways to Participate in Legislative Efforts Within Your State:

Lessons from Idaho's Progressive Pediatric Hearing Aid Legislation





FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

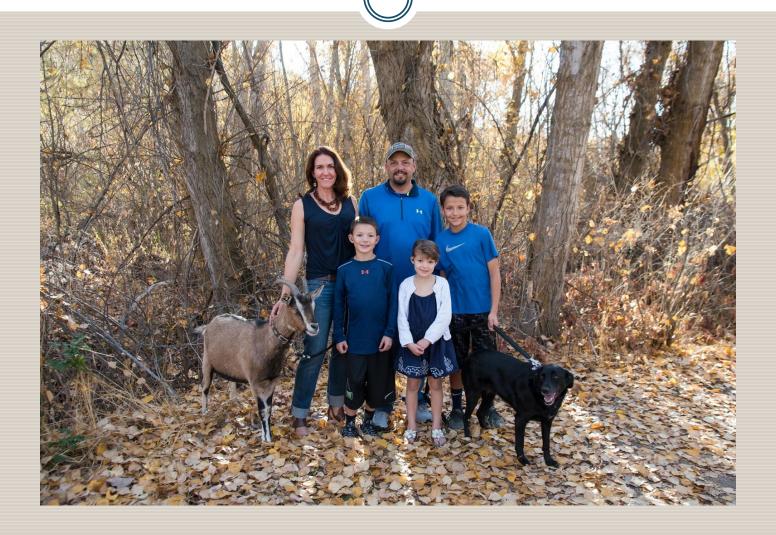
 We have no relevant financial or nonfinancial relationships in the products or services described, reviewed, evaluated or compared in this presentation.

Lesa Coleman





Andrea Amestoy



Corinne Coleman



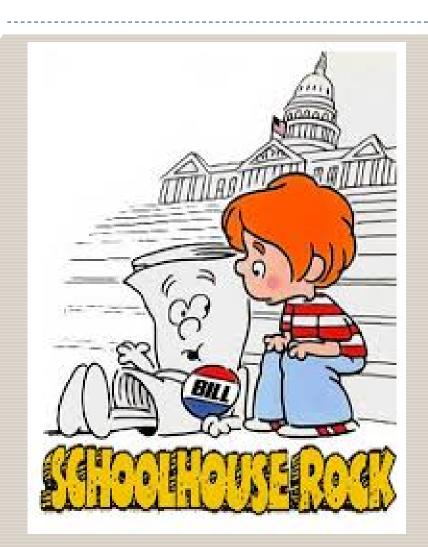
13 "Lucky" Legislative Concepts

- 1. Do your homework
- 2. Develop elevator speech
- 3. Call/visit your local representatives
- 4. Build a team
- Set goals/ expectations
- 6. Get bipartisan support
- 7. Bill vs. Rule change

- 8. Infographics, visuals & Communications
- 9. Know State Statistics
- 10.Collaborate with other states like yours
- 11. Testify confidently
- 12. Review parliamentary procedures
- 13. Express gratitude

Know the process

I'm just a bill



1. Do Your Homework

- Be familiar with political process
- What is your current law?
- Research code online
 - Call the legislative research Library in your state
- Collect past appeals
- Look a previous efforts

2. Develop elevator speech

- 2 mins or less
- Critical substantive information
- State the facts
- Don't beat around the bush
- Be prepared to stand and deliver

3. Contact local representatives

- Start with local representatives
- Look for Representatives on H&W Committee
- Use your prepared elevator speech
- They want to know:
 - Who is this affecting
 - Consequences of not making change
 - How much it'll cost.
- Tell them about the fact that your claims keep getting denied and you need help.
- Ask to meet in person

4. Build a Team

- Get a Core Group to see it through at every meeting – Parent base is powerful
- Get an extended multidisciplinary group professionals – including Dr.'s, teachers, audiologists, to call upon to give advice, testimony, at critical/fine tuning times group together ask for participation/feedback.
- Schedule meetings in person or via Zoom- plan out each member's role on the team and a course of action.
- Multiple areas of State







5. Set Goals and Expectations

- Coverage for 0-26 years old
- \$3,000 every 3 years per hearing aid per ear
- Congenital AND acquired hearing losses
- Define hearing devices (CI, BAHA, HA)
- Speech and language habilitation

Idaho Pediatric Hearing Device Rule Change

"Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implants and examination for or fitting of them, for congenital or acquired hearing loss that, without intervention may result in cognitive or speech development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one device every thirty-six(36) months per ear with loss and not less than forty-five(45) language/speech therapy visits during the first twelve(12) months after delivery of the covered device."

https://doi.idaho.gov/DisplayPDF.aspx?id=2019%20Text%20of%20Proposed%20Rule%

6. Get Bipartisan Support

- This is not a partisan issue but you need bipartisan support to get it through
- Politician's want to hear from us and need to show their contribution to the community.
- Illana Rubel, Pat McDonald. Blue vs. Red, Social programs vs no law changes
- Reasons we got traction
 - Rep. Pat McDonald's support as a Republican
 - Meeting with Dir. H&W Committee Chair following his direction

Bipartisan Sponsorship

Illana Rubel (D)

Patrick McDonald (R)





7. Bill vs. Rule change

- Most changes are coming through amendments to the laws & insurance codes mentioned above which is a lot easier to get done
- Department of Insurance DOI
 <u>https://doi.idaho.gov/publicinformation/laws/Rul</u>
 emaking

8. Visuals and Communications

- Quickly and effectively display points
- Letters of support
- Multiple points of contact
- Points to highlight:
 - What's the issue?
 - Who does this affect?
 - What is the long term impact?
 - What is the cost?



Please join Rep. Rubel in supporting pediatric hearing aid legislation.

22 States have pediatric hearing aid legislation, 8 in progress.



"Research shows that by the time a child with hearing loss graduates from high school, more than \$400,000 per child can be saved in special education costs if the child is identified early and given appropriate educational, medical, and audiological services."

White, K. R., (1995). Universal accessing for infact basing impairment:

International Journal of Pudistic Otechnolaryagology

Idaho Families of Deaf and Hard of Hearing Children Need Your Help

idhandsandvoices.org





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Effective example from Texas



SB552 & HB490 HEARING AID & COCHLEAR IMPLANT COVERAGE FOR CHILDREN IN TEXAS

www.lettexashear.org

THE NEED

Hearing aids are considered cosmetic and not covered by insurance. However, a lack of early intervention and amplification in young children can severely impact speech, language, and brain development; academic achievement; and social and emotional development.

THE HISTORY

Recognizing that early intervention is key, Texas was an early adopter of universal newborn hearing screenings in 1999. However, most health insurance policies do not cover, or only pay a small stipend toward hearing technology which is the next critical step in early intervention.

THE PEOPLE

Representative Rodney Anderson is sponsoring HB 490 in the Texas House of Reps.

There are currently 19 authors and co-authors on HB490 including S. Davis, D. Howard, T. Oliverson, D. Bernal, C. Anderson, C. Bell, G. Capriglione, D. Darby, J. Isaac, C. Israel, J. Johnson, W. Metcalf, R. Miller, S. Muhoz, Jr., J. Raney, K. Roberts, E. Thompson & J. White

Senator Lois Kolkhorst is sponsoring SB552 in the Texas Senate. SB552 is co-authored by Sen. Garcia.

THE STATS

3 in 1,000 babies are born with permanent hearing loss.

With an annual birth rate of nearly 400,000 babies, Texas has approximately 1,200 infants born with some level of hearing loss each year.

THE COST

Hearing aids cost up to \$6,000 per pair and must be replaced every 3 - 5 years.

Cochlear implant surgery is covered by most insurance plans but necessary accessories often come out of pocket.

Without intervention, special education costs for deaf or hard of hearing students can total \$420,000 per child with a lifetime cost of approx. \$1 million in special education, lost wages and health complications.

THE BOTTOM LINE

20 other states have already passed legislation requiring insurance coverage for children's hearing devices. Many of these states were NOT supportive of insurance mandates in general but made an exception because of the low prenium increase required to off set the cost, estimated between 50.03 and \$0.04 per insured citizen per month.

Georgia is next to pass this legislation 47 · 6 in House & 155 · 5 in Senate. It's on the Governor's desk now!

SUPPORT TEXAS CHILDREN! VOTE YES ON SB552 & HB490!



LET UTAH CHILDREN HEAR





PROVIDING HEARING TO CHILDREN IS COST EFFECTIVE

are assessed for and diagnosed as Deafor Hard of Hearing every year in the state of Utah. Many more are identified at older ages.

NEWBORNS



OTHER STATES



have already passed similar legislation while several more states are currently working on passing legislation.

of parents report insurance coverage for hearing aids for their child.

INSURANCE COVERAGE



EFFECTIVE



FOR UTAHNS

to cover hearing aids, bone conduction hearing devices, microphone systems, and habilitative services.

CHANGE A KID'S WORLD

Email us at letutahchildrenhe ar@gmail.com Call us at (435)764-4074



PROVIDING HEARING TO CHILDREN IS COST EFFECTIVE

The Need

cognitive development of children who Hearing con learn to hear, speak are Deaf or Hand of Hearing is likely to be and learn at a commen surate rate impaired by their hearing loss. However, with their hearing peers when access to hearing aids and intervention provided with appropriate services improve outcomes dramatically. Intervention.

Speech, language, social and Children who are Deaf or Hard of

The Facts

Utah spear-headed universal newborn Approximately 50,000 babies are earing screenings by mandating screenings born in Utah every year, 100 of those in 1998. However, children identified early babies will be diagnosed with a do not have access to hearing devices and significant permanent hearing loss. habilitation services through insurance in About 40% of those children are order to complete the next vital steps in covered by Medicaid. early intervention.

The Concern

Under Utah code 51A-22-610, insurance Currently, the state funds the companies are required to include. Children's Hearing Aid Program. medically diagnosed congenital defects. hearing aids for children age o-6. Childhood hearing loss is a congenital. This program is underserving companies are currently not covering

coverage for care and treatments of which only provides a single pair of defect in most cases. Insurance children with hearing loss in the state.

needs. Many families cannot afford welfare programs. Lifetime cost to provide the necessary habilitative estimates of insufficiently treated

A pair of hearing aids can cost up to Providing hearing aids to children \$6,000 and must be replaced every 3- with hearing loss will reduce the costs. 5 years. Since hearing loss can be borne by the state, including an hereditary, some families have estimated \$420,000 in special multiple children with hearing loss education, and much more in social treatments. hearing loss can total approximately



CHANGE A KID'S WORLD



Effective example from Utah

https://www.letutahchildrenhear.com/

Use website builders or templates

Wix/ Canva

9. Know State Statistics

- EHDI Coordinator is a great resource
- # Children born in state annually
- # Diagnosed with hearing loss annually
 - congenital + acquired
- # Children receiving DHH school services
- # Children covered under Medicaid
 - 40% in Idaho



IESDB Outreach Program

Regional D/HH Information - a/o January 2, 2018

School Age = 138

Age 0-3 = 27

DEAF/BLIND = 6

Region 2 - Lewiston

School Age = 61 Age 0-3 = 7

Region 3 – Nampa/Caldwell

School Age = 282

Age 0-3 = 28

DEAF/BLIND = 5

Region 4 - Meridian

School Age = 460

Age 0-3 = 40

DEAF/BLIND = 5

Region 1 Post Falls State-Wide Totals

D/HH School Age = 1440 Age 0-3 = 157 DEAF/BLIND = 22 1619 D/HH student-clients

Region 7 – Idaho Falls

School Age = 172

Age 0-3 = 20

DEAF/BLIND = 3

Region 6 - Pocatello

School Age = 117

Age 0-3 = 15

DEAF/BLIND = 1

Region 5 - Gooding

School Age = 210

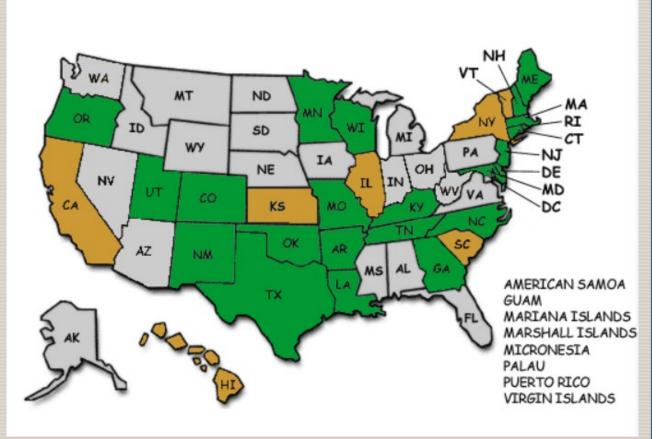
Age 0-3 = 20

DEAF/BLIND = 2

10. Collaborate with States Like Yours

- Other Red States: Utah, Texas, Georgia, Florida,
 Oregon etc...
- What success have they had?
- Use sites like NCHAM/EHDI to get current information





EHDI State Legislation

https://www.infanthearing.org/legislation/hearingaid.html

FISCAL NOTE, 85TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 29, 2017

TO: Honorable Larry Phillips, Chair, House Committee on Insurance

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB490 by Anderson, Rodney (Relating to health benefit plan coverage of hearing aids and cochlear implants for certain individuals.), Committee Report 1st House,

Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Insurance Code relating to health benefit plan coverage of hearing aids and cochlear implants for certain individuals.

It is assumed that all duties and responsibilities necessary to implement the provisions of the bill would have no significant fiscal impact and could be accomplished utilizing existing staff and resources, based on information reported by the Texas Department of Insurance, Employees Retirement System, Teacher Retirement System, The University of Texas System Administration, and Texas A&M University System Administration.

Local Government Impact

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies:

LBB Staff: UP, AG, AM, TSI

11. Testify Confidently

- Know your audience
- Have a team of constants
- Plan out testimonies for appropriate hearings
- Respond to Representative concerns listen
- Initially hesitant to bring up speech component
- Families vs. Professionals -
 - technical details/fine tuning
- Review parliamentary procedure



12. Media

- Get the media involved
- Use social media
- Representatives use media as campaign tool



Media Coverage KIVITV News Clip

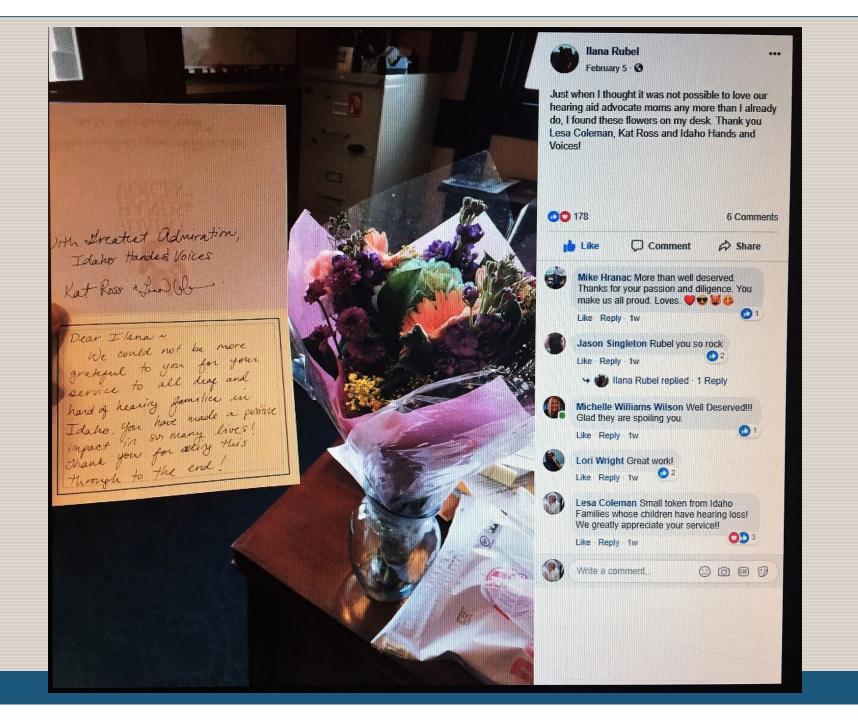




13. Always Express Gratitude

- Be gracious during meetings and testimonies
- Write hand written cards, send flowers





We Can Meet

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Corinne Coleman 208-631-4303 corinnekcoleman@gmail.com



Thank you and good luck!!