Using Data to Improve Services for Infants with Hearing Loss: Linking Newborn Hearing Screening Records with Early Intervention Records

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Background

Data matching has been widely used by public health researchers to conduct routine assessments, evaluations and improve the completeness of data by adding information obtained from other registries.

This project was part of the New York Early Hearing Detection and Intervention (NYEHDI) quality improvement effort and highlights important issues in provider compliance with documentation of screening, follow-up services and referrals to the statewide Early Intervention Program (EIP). The data match identified providers in need of technical assistance.

Objectives

- Match records of infants with permanent hearing loss from the New York Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (NYEHDI-IS) to records of infants with permanent hearing loss receiving early intervention services from the **New York State Early** Intervention Program (NYSEIP)
- Identify audiologists not reporting to NYEHDI-IS
- Identify gaps in services or documentation
- Target technical assistance to improve the state system of identification of hearing loss and access to early intervention services

Methods

Data Systems

- NYEHDI-IS
- New York Early Intervention System (NYEIS)

Preparing Data for Matching

Created using SAS 9.4 software

NYEHDI-IS dataset

- Infants born between 2014-2016 who had a permanent hearing loss diagnosis documented
- In 2016 the criteria were changed to exclude infants with transient-conductive or late onset hearing loss

dataset

• Infants born between 2014-2016 with an ICD-9 or ICD-10 code for permanent hearing loss.

Matching Process

- The Link King data linking software
- Matched on first and last name, date of birth, gender





Results

Table 1. New York Early Intervention and Early Hearing
 Detection and Intervention NYEHDI-IS to NYEIS data match results, 2014-2016.

NYEHDI sample size

Direct matched pairs from Link King **Results needing further review**

- No hearing loss diagnosis documented in
- Infant moved out of state or country
- Parent refused referral to Early Intervention
- Changes in infant DOB or name
- Record not found in Early Intervention
- Not referred to Early Intervention
- Provider did not complete referral proce

True matched records missed

Table 2. New York Early Intervention and Early Hearing
 Detection and Intervention NYEIS to NYEHDI-IS data match results, 2014-2016

NYEIS sample size

Direct matched pairs from Link King Results needing further review

- No permanent hearing loss diagnosis
- Late onset*
- Lost to follow-up[†]
- No results recorded[‡]
- Transient conductive
- Infant born out of state or country
- Parent refusal of screening, follow-up o diagnostic testing
- Changes in infant DOB or name • Other
- True matched records missed

Discussion

- The infant referral process is not automated in NYS so the provider must contact the municipal Early Intervention Official based on the infant's county of residence (New York State Department of Health, 2017). Providers were identified as not referring infants to NYSEIP or not completing the referral process.
- Audiologists were identified that had diagnosed infants with hearing loss but did not document diagnostic evaluations in NYEHDI-IS.
- The time spent providing education and training to these providers ranged from 10 to 30 minutes depending on their knowledge of NYSEIP and NYEHDI-IS.

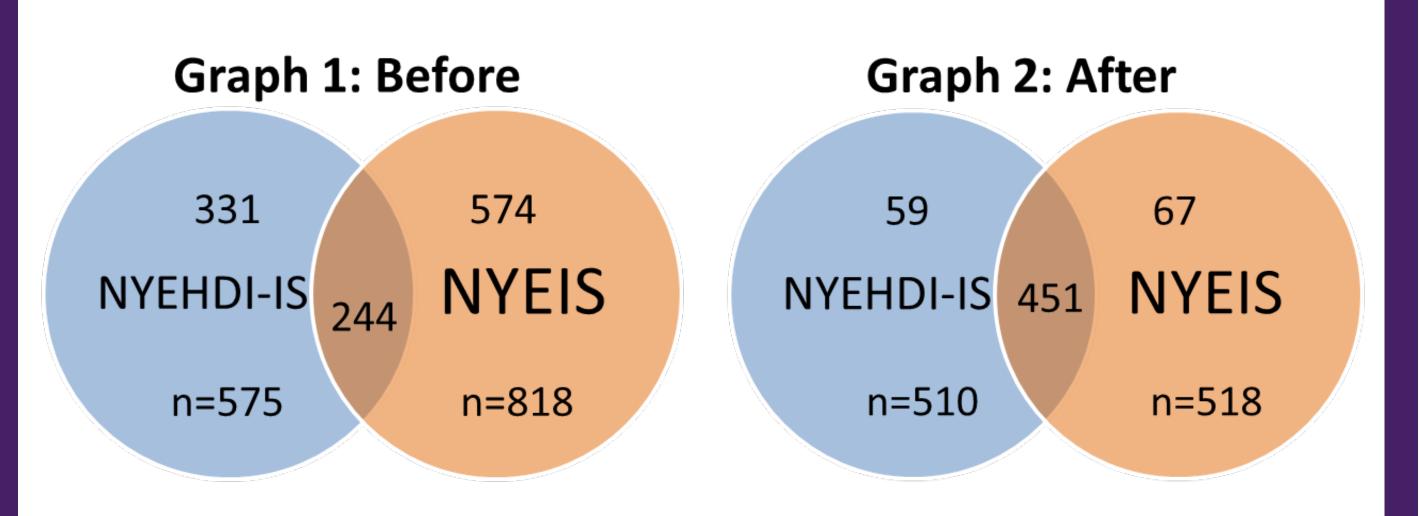


Year	2014	2015	2016
	214	216	145
	84	94	66
	130	122	79
	93	93	45
	0	0	2
	8	9	6
	5	9	4
	13	6	21
	6	2	13
	7	4	8
	11	5	1
		214 84 130 93 0 8 5 13 6 7	84941301229393000089591366274

Year	2014	2015	2016
	397	261	160
	84	94	66
	313	167	94
	270	150	84
	155	31	24
	87	35	49
	27	72	4
	1	12	7
	30	11	4
or	3	0	0
	6	2	3
	4	0	1
	0	4	2

Results

Graph 1. Pie Charts of NYEHDI-IS and NYEIS matched data sets **before** the data match study reveal the NYEIS data set used to match included extraneous records.



Graph 2. Pie Charts after the data match study reflect a higher number of matched records due to updating of incomplete or inaccurate information in one or both systems. Selection criteria for the match were amended to exclude infants with transient conductive hearing loss.

Conclusions

- timely manner.
- on-going process

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Despite Public Health Law requiring providers to report results of diagnostic evaluations for infants with hearing loss in NYEHDI-IS, results revealed 72 providers did not report 274 diagnostic results (infants lost to follow-up and no results recorded). Targeted technical assistance was provided, ensuring infants diagnosed in the future will be documented in a timely manner.

Results also revealed an additional 19 providers were not appropriately referring infants to the NYSEIP. Targeted technical assistance was provided, ensuring infants diagnosed in the future will be referred in a

Manual review process can be time consuming Identifying, contacting, and educating providers is an

• Data match is not a one-time analysis