

EARLY INTERVENTION

The importance of the WHOLE child approach

ANITA & TABBY



"WELL BEHAVED WOMEN RARELY MAKE HISTORY."

-ELEANOR ROOSEVELT-

GOALS

- Participants will learn the seven development domains included in a whole child approach to services.
- 2. Participants will learn how a hearing loss impacts whole child development.
- 3. Understand the importance of the JCIH recommendations on whole child development.

Alexander Graham Bell Association (AGBell)

American Academy of Audiology

American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP)

American Academy of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery (AAO-HNS)

American Speech-Language & Hearing Association (ASHA)

Council on
Education of the
Deaf (CED)

Directors of Speech & Hearing Programs in State Health and Welfare agencies (DSHPSHWA)

Boys Town National Research Hospital Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Institute on Deafness and other Communication Disorders (NIDCD)

JOINT COMMISSION ON INFANT HEARING (JCIH)

http://www.jcih.org/members.htm

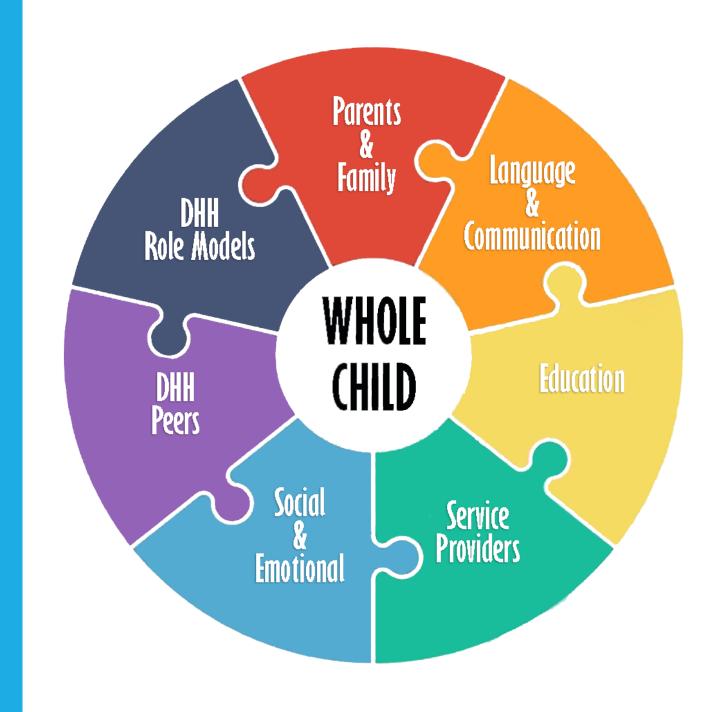
JCIH BEST PRACTICES

- ✓ All DHH Children and Their Families Have Access to Timely and Coordinated Entry Into El Programs
- ✓ All DHH Children and Their Families Have Timely Access to Service Coordinators Who Have Specialized Knowledge and Skills
- ✓ All DHH Children and Their Families Have El Providers Who Have Professional Qualifications, Core Knowledge and Skills
- ✓ El Services to Teach ASL Will Be Provided by Trained Professionals Who Have Native or Fluent Skills
- ✓El Services to Develop Listening and Spoken Language Will Be Provided by Professionals Who Have Specialized Skills and Knowledge
- ✓ All DHH Children and Their Families From Culturally Diverse Backgrounds Have Access to Culturally Competent Services
- ✓ All DHH Children Should Have Their Progress Monitored Every 6 Months From Birth to 36 Months of Age

- ✓ All DHH Children With Hearing Loss of Any Degree Receive Appropriate Monitoring and Immediate Follow-up Intervention Services
- ✓ Families Will Be Active Participants in the Development and Implementation of EHDI Systems at the State/Territory and Local Levels
- ✓ All Families Will Have Access to Other Families Who Have Children Who Are DHH
- ✓ DHH Individuals Will Be Active Participants in the Development and Implementation of EHDI Systems at the National, State/Territory, and Local Levels
- ✓ All DHH Children and Their Families Have Access to Support, Mentorship, and Guidance From Individuals Who Are DHH
- ✓ As Best Practices Are Increasingly Identified and Implemented, All DHH Children and Their Families Will Be Ensured of Fidelity in the Implementation of the Intervention They Receive

http://www.jcih.org/JCIH-2007-Position-Statement-Supplement.pdf

THE WHOLE CHILD



PARENTS & FAMILY

- •90% + of all DHH babies born to two hearing parents
- Unfamiliar with hearing loss
- Unfamiliar with the system
- No idea what to expect
- Need unbiased support, information and resources
- Need interaction with other parents/families with DHH children



LANGUAGE/COMMUNICATION

- Effective communication REQUIRES language
- The focus for all DHH children should be developing language, regardless of the modality
- Speech does not equal language
- No one way that works best for ALL DHH children
- Rarely a one time choice

"What works for your child is what makes the choice right."

Hands & Voices



EDUCATION

- Education for DHH children must be INDIVIDUALIZED
- Education goes far beyond the edges of a report card
- •Academics are important but so are interpersonal, self-advocacy, and life skills.
- Extracurricular activities are also important
- •DHH children should have effective communication and interaction with classmates and school staff



SERVICE PROVIDERS

- Critical members of our team, we need their guidance and expertise
- **IMPERATIVE** that all service providers empower families with unbiased support and information
- Should avoid the either/or philosophy



SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL

- Positive self-identity and sense of self worth are important for all children, this is much harder to do without effective communication
- Communication barriers can make it hard to develop age appropriate social skills
- Incidental learning makes up 90% of what people with normal hearing learn. Lack of incidental learning has a huge impact



DHH PEERS

- Many DHH children are isolated
- Everyone needs true peers, someone that "gets" them
- Can help DHH children feel less "alone in the world"
- Exposure to other DHH children helps to develop a positive self-identity
- Need exposure to diverse DHH children



DHH ROLE MODELS

- Exposure to diverse DHH role models is beneficial to DHH children and their families
- •Give a glimpse of the future
- Can share "what its like to be DHH"
- Can make the journey a little less scary for everyone
- Shows DHH children and their families that DHH people truly can do anything





THANK YOU

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