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The Language of Self Advocacy: Success from Early Intervention and Beyond

Who we are...



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Disclosures: AGBell Florida Board, AGBell Financial Aid Committee

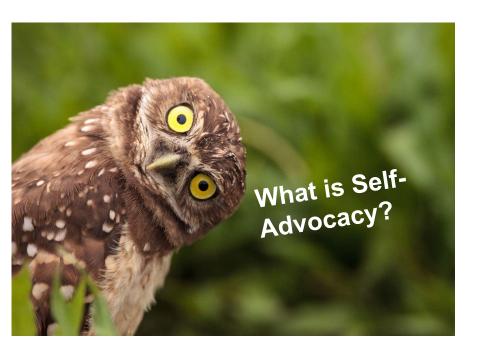


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Disclosures: AGBell Florida President





Self-advocacy is the ability to understand and effectively communicate one's needs to others.





LANGUAGE VS SELF ADVOCACY

Language: the ability to communicate

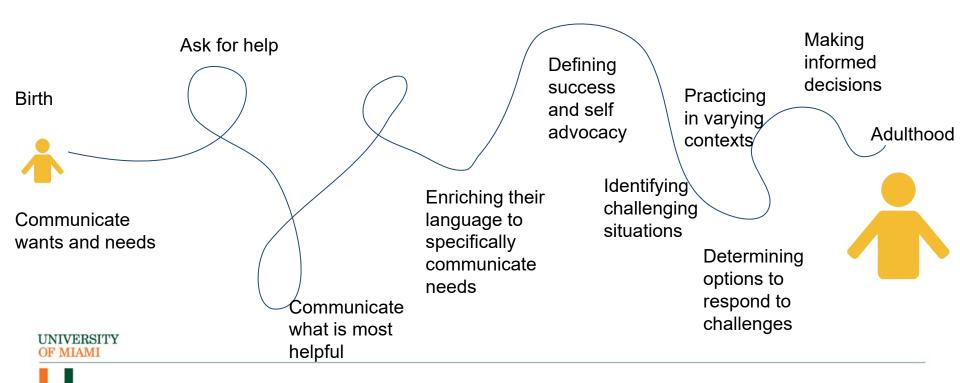
Self-advocacy: using your ability to communicate to address what you need







SELF ADVOCACY



BENEFITS OF SELF ADVOCACY

An increase in self-advocacy skills results in:

- Increased quality of life
- Sense of agency ("sense of self")
- Overall well being
- Places language responsibility on the child
- Builds their confidence

People who self-advocate are more likely to thrive in school, work, and life.



Guide to Self-Advocacy Skill Development

Suggestions for Sequence of Skill Attainment

This sequence provides suggestions for ages of acquisition. Early skill development relies on consistent use of hearing devices, including FM and personal responsibility expected. Children in early childhood programs who are given the responsibility of charging the FM and handing it to the adult are more likely to become reliant self-advocates as compared to students not held responsible until grade 2 or later.

Suggested age/grade	The student will
Preschool	Be responsible to put own hearing devices on and report when problems occur
Preschool	Be encouraged to ask for repetition when it is evident that s/he did not hear message
Grade Kdgn	Recognize effect of distance re: easier ability to listen to close speech versus far speech (Early Listening Function item demonstrations, discussion via My World Tool)

Appropriately ask for repetition of messages missed (i.e., more slowly, clearly, louder).

Grade 1 Recognize effect of interfering noise that occurs in learning environment; demonstrate by closing

Recognize effect of interfering noise that occurs in learning environment; demonstrate by closing classroom door, moving away from noise or requesting reduction in noise.

Grade 2	Describe purpose and use of FM in simple terms to classroom teacher, with assistance						
Grade 2	Increase awareness of recognizing when s/he has missed information ("When do you know that						
100	you didn't hear or hear everything?" (Relate to Before LIFE, Student LIFE items)						

Appropriately use simple addition communication repair strategies (take the part that you heard and turn it into

Oldoc E	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I							
Grade 2	Apa clarification question; SCRIPT) T that you heard							
and the second	and turn it into a clarification question; SCRIPT)							
Grade 2	Improve in listening-in-noise skills (LASH; various auditory skill development materials)							
Grade 2	Demonstrate ability to perform basic troubleshooting when hearing device malfunctions							
Grade 3	Describe purpose and appropriate use of FM with classroom teacher, with oversight							
Grade 3	Identify challenging listening situations in school (Listening Inventory For Education – Revised LIFE- R) and self-advocacy strategies in current use (After LIFE questions)							
Grade 3	Identify if the source of the listening difficulty was due to speaker, listener or environment issues (What's the Problem? Game & Monkey Talk Game)							
Grade 3	Describe self-advocacy strategies to address challenging listening situations (as identified in the Student LIFE-R). Prioritize and implement use of strategies in some situations							
Grade 3	Improve ability to describe appropriate use of self-advocacy activities (discuss After LIFE strategies, practice via Rule the School and Monkey Talk Self-Advocacy Games)							
Grade 4	Discussion with classroom teacher to describe purpose and appropriate use of FM, set up signal system and request preferred accommodations, with assistance							
Grade 4	Identify challenging listening situations and improvements in self-advocacy strategies used (via Student LIFE-R)							
Grade 4	Appropriately use advanced addition communication repair strategies (add background or clarification) when requesting clarification in school or social situations (SCRIPT)							
Grade 4	Match appropriate self-advocacy strategies to identified listening challenges in school and social settings; meet expectations for use when priority listening challenges occur							

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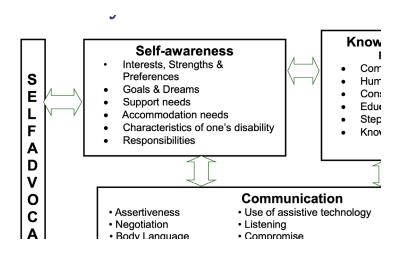
Self-Advocacy Characteristics Knowledge of Rights Self-awareness Personal rights · Community rights S · Interests, Strengths & Preferences Human service rights E Goals & Dreams Consumer rights · Support needs Educational rights · Accommodation needs Steps to advocate for change · Characteristics of one's disability · Knowledge of resources Responsibilities Α D Communication Assertiveness Use of assistive technology 0 Negotiation Listening · Body Language Compromise C Leadership · Knowledge of group's rights · Knowledge of resources · Advocating for others or for causes Organizational participation

New Community Opportunitie i Center at ILRU – Independent Living Relearch Utilization



SELF-AWARENESS: TRYING TO FIGURE IT OUT!

- Understanding yourself and what you need.
- Understanding your personal experience of being deaf or hard of hearing.
- Knowing your own strengths and weaknesses.
- Knowing how you communicate best
- Having basic knowledge of any technologies that you use.



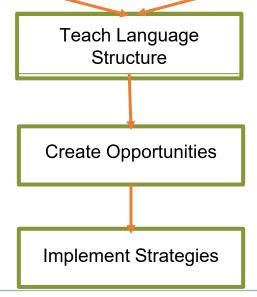




PUTTING LANGUAGE AND SKILL TOGETHER

Self Advocacy Goal

Language Goal









Self advocacy Goal:
Asks for their wants and needs.

TODDLER

Language Goal:

Produce vocalizations, a sign, or single words.

Teach Language
Structure

Create Opportunities

Implement Strategies







Self advocacy Goal: Request clarification

PRESCHOOL

Language Goal:

Produce three-word sentences with pronouns

Teach Language Structure

Create Opportunities

Implement Strategies







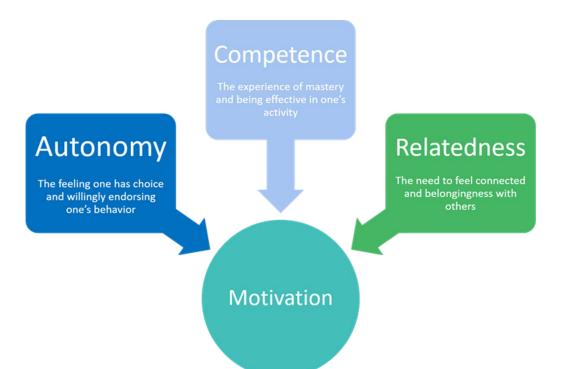
WHAT IS THE GOAL WITH THIS?

Learning to navigate their environment through their hearing loss.





SELF-DETERMINATION THEORY



Self-determination theory suggests that all humans have three basic psychological needs—

autonomy, competence, and relatedness

-that underlie growth and development.



MOTIVATION TO SELF ADVOCATE

Relatedness

The need to feel connectedness and belongingness with others.

Is this issue important to me as it relates to this situation?

Competency

The experience of mastery in one's activity.

Do I understand the challenge enough to address it?

Autonomy

The feeling one has choice and willingly endorsing one's behavior.

What are my choices?



THIS ABOUT CHOICE NOT CONTROL

Critical Error

When a child has a disability we often feel that we need to extrinsically control their motivation. The more disabled we perceive a child to be the more we tend to try to control their narrative.

Does controlling the narrative truly set students up for success?





GENERAL SUGGESTIONS

- Give children some control in decision making.
- Give children a chance to solve problems before stepping in.
- Praise children when they ask for help and also practice asking for help.
- Have ongoing conversations about strengths and challenges.
- When children are faced with a challenge, ask what they think would help.
- Give the chance in the "real world" to use their own voice!

THE POWER OF: "DO YOU NEED HELP?" AND "HOW CAN I HELP YOU?





SELF-ADVOCACY EARLY CHILDHOOD STYLE TEACHER AS COACH!

- 1. Start early.
- 2. Target the language of self-advocacy "Do you need help?" "How can I help?"
- 3. Utilize daily routines as opportunities to practice self advocacy.
 - Set Expectations
 - Establish Responsibility
- 4. Start to pass the baton.
- 5. Provide varying experiences to express nees.
 - Volunteering
 - Pairing with a mentor







COACHING FOR COMMUNICATION BREAKDOWN

Communicate that you need help

look confused
"I need help"
"What?"
"I do not understand"

Communicate what is helpful

"I need help with"

- -repetition
- -louder/slower
- -more information
- "Can you repeat?"
- "Say it again please"
- "Can you say that louder"
- "Can you give me choices"

Enriching language

<u>&</u>

Repair Strategies

State what was heard and clarify:

"I heard you say.... is that right?"





COACH PARENTS TO BE COACHES

- Asking specific questions centered around self-advocacy.
 - Manage communication breakdowns.
 - Communicating needs.
 - Understanding technology.
- Provide Time,
 - Don't rush in.
 - Give room for mistakes.
- Provide Choices.
 - Consider needs and personality.
- Provide Opportunities.
 - Real opportunities can equal motivation.



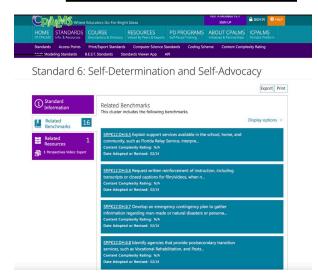
SELF-ADVOCACY





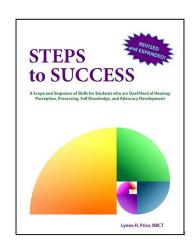
RESOURCES ARE OUT THERE!

Expanded Core Skills



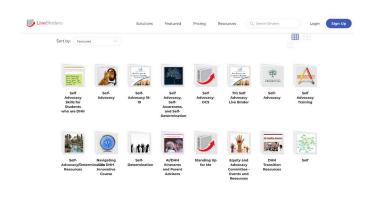
cpalms.org

Lynn Price Scope and Sequence Skills for Students Who are Deaf and Hard of Hearing



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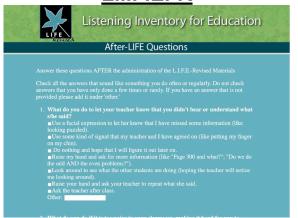
livebinders.org





RESOURCES ARE OUT THERE!

Listening Inventory for Education L.I.F.E.-R



Offers a way to assess self-advocacy skills of the student. Can be done online or on paper. https://lifer.successforkidswithhearingloss.com

SEAM Student Expectation for Advocacy & Monitoring Hearing Technology

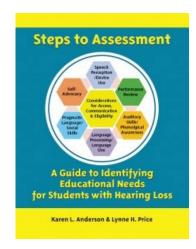
SEAM - Student Expectations for Advocacy & Monitoring Hearing Technology

The following expectations assume early identification of hearing loss, consistent amplification wear from infancy and supportive parent

involvement in facilitating optimal listening and effective communication str	1st day	Bv	By	By	By	Bv	Bv	MS
Expected participation and/or skill to be consistently performed		end of Kdgn	end of gr 1	end of gr 2	end of gr 3	end of gr 4	end of gr 5	and
nserts (or attempts) earmolds and puts on hearing aid(s) or cochlear implant processor(s) independently.	(X)	X	×	X	×	×	×	×
Does self-test, listening to each device after it has been turned on (put aid on ear, turn on aid, test baa baa mmm mmm, repeat with next aid)	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Wears hearing device(s) full time (remove only for monitoring).	X	×	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Demonstrates that he needs to ask adult before device(s) are removed (e.g., discomfort or malfunction).	×	×	×	×				
Knows that he is expected to report all issues with device(s) (i.e., changes in how he is hearing, due to malfunction of hearing device or hearing changes).	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	X
Wears hearing device(s) to school every day.	X	×	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Knows where extra batteries are kept at school. Supplies from home as needed.	X	×	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	×
Participates in daily functional monitoring of device(s) with adult: battery check, visual inspection, listening check of Ling sounds, listening check at 3 & 10 feet.	X	×	×					
Student responsible for recording results on Daily Monitoring Worksheet (with supervision)		(X)	(X)	×	×	x	×	×
Student performs visual inspection of device(s) independently (looking for dirt, cracks, moisture bubbles, changes in appearance, etc.).		х	×	×	×	х	×	X
Student actively uses communication repair strategies in the classroom/socially (appropriate use of repetition strategies).		Х	X	X	х	х	×	×
Student responsible for daily charging, (troubleshooting), proper use and careful handling of FM equipment.		х	×	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(>

The SEAM lists expected student skills from Preschool through High School for hearing tECH-nology use, involvement in monitoring, and self-advocacy skills. Useful for functional assessment and goal writing.

Steps to Assessment



A section and resources for selfadvocacy assessment.



CHILDREN'S HEARING PROGRAM

AND MORE RESOURCES...

- National Association for the Deaf <u>www.nationaldeafcenter.org/resource/self-advocacy-basics</u>
- Hands and Voices
 <u>www.handsandvoices.org/articles/education/advocacy/V8-4_selfAdv.htm</u>
- My World- Ida Institute

 https://idainstitute.com/tools/my_world/?tx_i
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 D=Toolbox&cHash=b812495e344993154e3

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SELF-ADVOCACY IS A LIFELONG ENDEAVOR THAT CAN NEVER BE LEARNED TOO EARLY OR TOO LATE IN LIFE.

- Coach and guide, don't direct or dictate.
- Engage in dialogue not just conversation.
- Ask more, suggest some, tell less.
- Embrace creativity, don't cut from the cookie.
- Follow their lead, don't drive.









THANK



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REFERENCES/RESOURCES

https://www.nationaldeafcenter.org

https://successforkidswithhearingloss.com/self-advocacy-skills-for-

students-with-hearing-loss/

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worksheet-for-kids

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content/uploads/2011/12/Guide-to-Self-Adv-hierarchy1.jpg

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